DRAFT 2 Stratégie: Shelter et NFI

Hurricane Matthew Response (24/10/16)

Objectives

* To safeguard the health, security, privacy and dignity women and men, boys and girls affected by Hurricane Matthew through the provision of emergency shelter and NFI assistance.
* To support durable solutions to protracted displacement (avoiding the creation of camps and allowing safe return from collective centres).
* To promote early self-recovery through a participatory neighbourhood/settlements approach that integrates WASH, health, livelihood and protection.

Settlement typologies

* Initial feedback from agencies indicates that the affected population are divided into the following settlement types.

Different interventions may be required depending on displacement and damage type: urban, rural, displaced, non-displaced and the specific context

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| **Summary of damaged structures** | | | | | | | |
| Damaged public buildings |  | Abri des personnes affectées  et déplacées | | | | Abri des personnes affectées  Non-déplacées | |
| Not included in this strategy |  | People living in public buildings  **Priority** | camps to be avoided | host families | People who have lost their land | Partially damaged houses | Completely destroyed houses |

Focus on recovery

* Significant progress has already been made in some communities developing emergency shelters and starting repairs.
* While providing guidance on response, the Shelter Working will focus on supporting owner-driven early recovery process in a one-phase response which shifts emphasis from early intervention building on local capacity and resilience.
* Given the most commonly observed damage is to roofs, technical guidance will emphasize repairs and Build Back Safer measures for damaged roofs and walls.
* Following an owner-driven approach, materials and training provided will support recovery and catalyze repairs but will not replace local response action or undermine self-recovery. Recommended technical guidance is complementary to local self-help.
* While most damage is to roofing, different relief and recovery packages (and their cash value equivalent) will be identified for families with greater levels of destruction, along with analysis and advocacy of obstacles to durable solution, such as housing, land and property issues.

Response Action

### Emergency

* Provision of emergency shelter items and **NFIs** including **tarpaulins**, supported by appropriate training at distribution sites and communications. Specific attention should be taken to address the needs according to vulnerability and gender.

### Support self-recovery

* Support the most vulnerable households in owner-driven recovery with **repair kits** (CGI, timber etc.) **fixing kits**, **toolkits** (community), and/or conditional cash / vouchers.
* Housing repairs with **accompanying training, education and information** on safer construction principles, and community-based hazard awareness, preparedness and DRR, throughout the response.

Approaches

* **Support to owner-driven recovery processes. This starts immediately.**
* Prioritisation of vulnerable groups, including displaced women and men, boys and girls.
* Working at neighbourhood and settlements level with integrated programming.
* Pay particular attention to households who need to be relocated.
* Avoid the creation of camps.
* Activities must be conducted in coordination with WASH, protection, livelihoods.
* Activities should be conducted with the aim of mitigating **pull-factors** to urban centres, avoiding secondary displacements and supporting safe and voluntary return.
* Particular attention to Gender specific needs.