

SHELTER AND NFI

DRAFT

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SHELTER AND NFI OBJECTIVE 1:

Ensure sufficient and flexible supply and targeted delivery of minimum standard packages of emergency shelter and NFI (including assessment, distribution and post-distribution monitoring) to people in need, including displaced people in host communities.

RELATES TO SO1

SHELTER AND NFI OBJECTIVE 2:

Deliver transitional shelter to upgrade and decongest formal and informal camps to minimum standards.

RELATES TO SO1

SHELTER AND NFI OBJECTIVE 3:

Deliver locally appropriate shelter solutions for vulnerable IDPs in need in host communities, or returning to their communities of origin.

RELATES TO SO1

Summary of Priorities

The sector will target highest need, focusing on equity and scale, by:

Strengthening flexible emergency response capacity for delivery of minimum packages of NFI and emergency shelter, including NFI/ES pipeline, rapid response capacity, and improved access to remote areas through partnership with local NGOs and CBOs.

Extending shelter and NFI response into host community and return settings, focusing on high density and neglected LGAs, including conducting further assessments where information gaps exist.

Providing transitional shelter to raise standards in formal and informal camps.

Interventions, Targeting and Implementation Modalities

Where new or secondary displacements occur, minimum emergency shelter kits and NFI kits will be targeted to the most vulnerable in life-saving emergency need. This will cover situations where movement and access remains fluid, and land tenure remains insecure, through an NFI/ES pipeline and establishment of rapid response capacity.

Emergency shelter and NFI response will be promoted in host community settings, targeted according to shelter conditions and vulnerability, with a focus on extending and/or repairing available covered space where there is severe overcrowding (and where land is available), in high density and neglected LGAs. Emphasis will be placed on equity and scale, given the extent of unmet need. Further assessment will be undertaken in host communities where information gaps exist to enhance understanding of the needs of renters, borrowers, and other groups. Partnerships will be built with local NGOs and CBOs to improve access to remote areas.

Where access is secure, land available, and there is intention to remain for the mid-term in host settings, transitional shelter solutions will be delivered. Where access is limited and land is not secure, basic emergency shelter and shelter repair will remain the most appropriate and feasible response to ensure the most urgent, life-saving needs are met.

In formal and informal camps, standards will be raised through provision of transitional shelters. This will include expanding camps, new camps, and existing camps where a mid-term residential horizon is anticipated and land use is secure, in order to avoid repeated replenishments, thereby improving cost effectiveness. NFI will also be replenished in camps and spontaneous settlements according to need.

Where conditions are conducive to return, including but not limited to adequate security, transitional shelters will be provided to the most vulnerable whose houses have been destroyed. Those with damaged shelters will be supported with repairs. Provision will be contingent on conducive conditions in communities of return, confirmed land tenure, and adequate linkages with other basic services.

Where populations are in clear transit, such as cross-border return flows, communal shelters will be constructed for limited stays of maximum 5 days. NFI will be provided according to need for people in transit. Transit centres will be constructed with inter-sectoral collaboration including with WASH, protection and other relevant sectors.

In all settings, emphasis will be placed on sustainability, including benefit to local economies through use and sourcing of locally available materials, and with cash and vouchers to be used wherever appropriate. Synergies with existing e-voucher platforms and other modalities piloted in Nigeria will be explored.

The sector will develop people centred design, with community participation and capacity development, to ensure appropriateness and equity, and to reduce tensions between IDPs and host communities. Shelter design must take into account the seasonal conditions prevalent in Nigeria's North-East, including heavy rain and wind from August to November annually. There will also be variations in urban and rural shelter response in terms of materials and design, to ensure appropriateness.

The sector will mainstream protection, including through provision of solar lights and fuel efficient stoves where appropriate, and prioritisation of women-headed households. The

sector will ensure effective inter-sector coordination, including WASH, protection, education, and early recovery.

The sector will strengthen coordination at national and hub level (combined shelter/NFI and CCCM Working Group), to improve harmonisation, technical guidance, information management, and response monitoring and evaluation.

SECTOR OBJECTIVES, INDICATORS AND TARGETS

SECTOR Objective 1: **Ensure sufficient and flexible supply and targeted delivery of minimum standard kits of emergency shelter and NFI (including assessment, distribution and post-distribution monitoring) to people in need, including displaced people in host communities.**

INDICATOR	IN NEED (HH)	BASELINE	TARGET
Number of NFI kits delivered to households in need	96,500	-	61,835
Number of e-shelter/ shelter repair kits delivered to households in need (including people in host communities)	139,000 ¹	-	33,022
Number of post-distribution monitoring reports shared with the sector, and informing programming	n/a	-	20

SECTOR Objective 2: **Deliver reinforced emergency shelter to upgrade and decongest formal and informal camps to minimum standards.**

INDICATOR	IN NEED (HH)	BASELINE	TARGET
Number of reinforced e-shelters constructed in formal and informal camps	16,000	-	8,000

¹Projected numbers in households, of newly or secondarily displaced (20,000 HH), and people in need in host communities (119,000 HH) that will need e-shelter (different types of intervention are expected to be needed and appropriate in different host communities). Household number of 8 is used.

SECTOR Objective 3: **Deliver locally appropriate shelter solutions for vulnerable IDPs in need being hosted, or returning to their communities of origin.**

INDICATOR	IN NEED	BASELINE	TARGET
Number of reinforced e-shelters constructed / shelters repaired in host and return communities	40,000 ²	-	13,000

²Estimate, based on current return rates of approximately 260,000 to Adamawa, and anticipating additional returns in 2016. It is anticipated that up to 45% of returnees will need reinforced emergency shelter, and 25% shelter repair support, based on levels of destruction reflected in assessment reports to date – 30,000 shelters. Also including number of households in host communities needing reinforced emergency shelter (10,000).